**Transatlantic Slave Trade**

1. What crops were grown in the Americas that were labor-intensive and helped lead to the slave trade?

1. Corn, tobacco, and flax
2. Sugar cane, tobacco, and cotton
3. Carrots, beans, and peas
4. Corn, beans, and squash

2. Tribalism in Africa led to intense competition and warfare amongst tribes. Prisoners were sold into slavery in exchanged for manufactured goods, weapons, and rum. Which one of these goods was most valuable to tribes that looked to expand their power and influence in the region?

1. None of it was helpful
2. Rum
3. Manufactured Goods
4. Weapons

3. Once Africans boarded the slave ships for the journey to the Americas, what percentage did not survive the six to eight week voyage?

1. 10%
2. 20%
3. 50%
4. 80%

4. Most slave ship captains were paid for each slave they started the journey with, regardless of whether they survived the journey to the Americas or not. For this reason, most captains were "\_\_\_\_\_ packers," cramming as many people on board as possible If a slave died on board, or showed signs of illness, they would be tossed overboard. \_\_\_\_\_\_ were used as 'proof of purchase.'

1. Tight; hands
2. Light; ears
3. Light; feet
4. Tight; ears

5. When the Atlantic Slave trade was outlawed in 1807, what started happening to tribal kingdoms that gained power and influence during the trade's existence?

1. Fell apart, leaving themselves vulnerable to European conquest in the late 1800s
2. Grew stronger as they found other valuable exports in Africa
3. Continued to dominate their region and export goods like gold, rubber, and chocolate
4. Were toppled by rival tribes decades later

6. What part of Africa were most slaves taken from?

7. What part of the United States were most slaves taken to?

9. Name three reasons that they used Africans for slavery instead of the natives of the Americas?

**Essay Questions – Answer in complete sentences.**

**Explain how Tribalism created competition amongst tribes in Africa? In other words, how did the slave trade turn into an arms race between tribes, where the best defense was a good offense?**

**How did the Atlantic slave trade contribute to a racist ideology that continues to this day?**