**South Africa & Apartheid**

**Africa after WWII**

* After WWII, when European countries were forced to withdraw from India & Vietnam, African colonies increasingly demanded their own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. By the 1960s, most had achieved independence.
* Some new African nations enjoyed peace and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but others faced military rule by harsh \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**South Africa & Apartheid**

* South Africa was colonized by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and in 1910 the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ declared independence for the nation.
* Whites continued to dominate the political system by not allowing the black majority to vote and requiring all citizens to register by race: black, white, colored, Asian. This \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is known as **apartheid**.
* The **African National Congress** (ANC) was the leading anti-apartheid organization that led the struggle for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, boycotts and strikes were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ interrupted by the government \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ led the ANC in armed resistance and was sentenced to life in prison until 1990.

**End of Apartheid**

* Some countries imposed economic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on South Africa in the 1980s to encourage the end of apartheid. (This hurt South Africa’s economy – they needed other countries to buy their goods so they could make a profit)
* Upon his release from prison, Mandela became the first democratically elected \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of South Africa, and South Africa’s first black President.
* Nobel Peace Prize winner Bishop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ worked to free Nelson Mandela and others.

**Political Challenges**

* Some African leaders believed in the dream of **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**, or the unity of all black Africans, regardless of nationality.
* Many African nations faced civil war between ethnic groups. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, conflict occurred between Hutu and Tutsi peoples. As many as 3 million people died as a result of mass \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.